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Food (Comida)

Meat (Carne)

- **pork** – porco
- **beef** – carne de vaca
- **lamb** – borrego
- **chops** – costeletas
- **sausages** – salsichas
- **steak** – bife
- **chicken** – frango
- **turkey** – peru

Side dishes (Acompanhamentos)

- **rice** – arroz
- **chips** – batatas fritas
- **soup** – sopa
- **salad** – salada
- **pasta** – massa
- **mash** – puré
- **bread** – pão
- **toast** – torrada

Fruit (Fruta)

- **apple** – maçã
- **pineapple** – ananás
- **peach** – pêssego
- **strawberry** – morango
- **orange** – laranja
- **melon** – melão
- **grapes** – uvas
- **banana** – banana

Vegetables (Vegetais)

- **potatoes** – batatas
- **tomato** – tomate
- **beans** – feijão
- **spinach** – espinafres
- **lettuce** – alface
- **carrot** – cenoura
- **onion** – cebola
- **cabbage** – couve

Drinks (Bebidas)

- **water** – água
- **milk** – leite
- **juice** – sumo
- **tea** – chá
- **coffee** – café
- **soft drink** – refrigerante

Dessert (Sobremesas)

- **cake** – bolo
- **biscuits** – bolachas
- **cheese** – queijo
- **pudding** – pudim
- **ice cream** – gelado
- **sweets** – rebuçados

Meals (Refeições)

- **breakfast** – pequeno-almoço
- **lunch** – almoço
- **tea** – lanche
- **dinner** – jantar

Would like (Queria / Gostaria)

Para dizer o que se gostaria ou queria, usa-se a expressão **would like**. **Would like** é um pouco mais formal do que **want**.

Para pedir comida:

- **I'd like** an ice cream. (Queria um gelado.)
- **I want** an ice cream. (Quero um gelado.)
- **I'd like** some cake. (Queria um pouco de bolo.)

Para oferecer comida:

- What **would** you **like**? (O que deseja?)
- What do you **want**? (O que queres?)
- **Would** you **like** a coffee? (Quer/Deseja um café?)
- Do you **want** a coffee? (Queres um café?)

Para aceitar ou recusar comida de forma educada:

Pay attention!

I'd like não significa o mesmo que *I like*.

I'd like... (Queria... / Gostaria...) emprega-se para pedir algo.

I like... (Gosto...) utiliza-se para falar de coisas de que gostamos.

Pay attention!

Would you like não significa o mesmo que *Do you like*.

Would you like...? (Queria...? / Gostaria...?) emprega-se para oferecer algo.

Do you like...? (Gostas...?) utiliza-se para perguntar se alguém gosta de algo.

| Offer | Accept | Refuse |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Would you like a sandwich? | Yes, please. ✓ Yes, I would. X | No, thanks. ✓ No, I wouldn't. X |

1. Match the columns. (Faz a ligação das colunas.)

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| a. What would you like for dinner? | 1. Yes, please. I'd like a juice. |
| b. Would you like something to drink? | 2. I like apples and oranges. |
| c. Do you like soup? | 3. Yes, please. I'd like a peach. |
| d. Would you like some milk? | 4. Yes, I do. |
| e. What fruit do you like? | 5. No, thanks. |
| f. Would you like some fruit? | 6. I'd like chicken and salad, please. |

**2.** Choose the most appropriate answer. (Escolhe a resposta adequada.)

a. Would you like some more rice?

1. Yes, I like rice. 2. No, thank you. 3. No, I wouldn't.

b. What would you like with your steak?

1. Mash and vegetables, please. 2. Yes, I like. 3. I like pasta.

c. Do you like strawberries?

1. Yes, I would. 2. Yes, I do. 3. No, thanks.

d. Do you want more beans?

1. No, thanks. I'm full. 2. Yes, I want. 3. Yes, I would.

3. Complete the sentences with suitable words. (Completa as frases com palavras adequadas.)

a. _____ you like beef or pork? I _____ beef, please.

b. _____ you like tomato soup? No, I don't. I hate it.

c. I'd _____ some spinach and some carrots, please.

d. Do you _____ some pudding? Yes, please, mum.

e. _____ you like some tea, madam? Yes, please. No sugar.

**4.** Find the odd word out. (Descobre o intruso.)

a. peaches, oranges, pineapples, onions _____

b. turkey, pork, bread, lamb _____

c. pudding, water, cake, ice cream _____

d. sweets, tea, soft drink, juice _____

e. cabbage, biscuits, carrot, spinach _____

5. Correct the sentences. (Corrige as frases.)

a. Would you want some cake? _____

b. You like some more mash? _____

c. We don't like any more, thanks. _____

d. They like two hamburgers and a pizza. _____

Test 6

Read the text carefully.

Jason normally spends his holidays at the seaside where he can sunbathe, swim and play beach games. He doesn't like visiting cities and museums.

But last year Jason and his family visited the Kruger National Park in South Africa. They stayed at a campsite near a river where they could see the animals when they came to drink. They travelled by jeep and they also went for a ride in a hot air balloon. They took lots of pictures and wrote postcards to all their friends back home.



1. Answer the questions.

- a. Where does Jason usually spend his holidays? _____
- b. Does he like visiting cities and museums? _____
- c. Where did he go last year? _____
- d. Where did they stay? _____
- e. How did they travel? _____
- f. Did they take many photos? _____
- g. What did they send to their friends back home? _____

2. Write the words in the correct columns.

| | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| go for a walk | lorry/truck | mountains | take pictures | motorbike | beach |
| train | countryside | go cycling | town/city | village | helicopter |
| seaside | go swimming | boat | tractor | go camping | sunbathe |

| Places to go | Vehicles | Holiday activities |
|--------------|----------|--------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

3. Write the sentences in the past simple.

- a. Carol's got two cats. _____
- b. They haven't got children. _____
- c. I've got short hair. _____
- d. Have you got any video games? _____
- e. Has your aunt got a swimming pool? _____
- f. Tony hasn't got a car. _____

4. Complete the table.

| Country | Nationality |
|---------------|-------------|
| Australia | a. |
| b. | American |
| Great Britain | c. |
| d. | Canadian |
| South Africa | e. |

5. Choose the best option.

- a. The surfer ran _____ the sea.
1. towards 2. across 3. through
- b. The car hit him when he ran _____ the road.
1. towards 2. across 3. through
- c. The canary escaped _____ the window.
1. towards 2. across 3. through
- d. The ship sailed _____ the Atlantic Ocean.
1. across 2. through 3. towards
- e. The children ran _____ the Christmas tree.
1. across 2. through 3. towards



6. Correct the mistakes. One sentence is correct.

- a. The boy kicked the ball across the window. _____
- b. "Did you have any pets?" "Yes, I had." _____
- c. I didn't had any puzzles. _____
- d. The giraffe walked through the tree. _____
- e. Had you a lot of toys? _____
- f. Rick walks across the park to get to school. _____